10318 measured reflections

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.020$ 

4083 independent reflections

3190 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$ 

atoms treated by a mixture of

independent and constrained

Acta Crystallographica Section E **Structure Reports** Online

ISSN 1600-5368

# 1-[2-(4-Chlorophenyl)acetyl]-4-(2methoxyphenyl)thiosemicarbazide

## Raja Ansar Hussain Khan,<sup>a</sup> Rashid Igbal,<sup>a</sup> Habib-ur-Rehman,<sup>a</sup> Ghulam Qadeer<sup>b\*</sup> and Zhong-Min Su<sup>c</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Department of Chemistry, University of Azad Jammu and Kashmir, Azad Jammu and Kashmir, Pakistan, <sup>b</sup>Department Of Chemistry, Ouaid-i-Azam University, Islamabad 45320, Pakistan, and <sup>c</sup>Institute of Functional Materials Chemistry, Faculty of Chemistry, Northeast Normal University, Changchun 130024, People's Republic of China

Correspondence e-mail: gadeergau@yahoo.com

Received 10 June 2007; accepted 20 June 2007

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 293 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.003 Å; R factor = 0.040; wR factor = 0.111; data-to-parameter ratio = 18.5.

The title compound, C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>16</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S, is an important intermediate for the synthesis of biologically active heterocyclic compounds. In the molecule, the thiosemicarbazide group is approximately planar and forms dihedral angles of 33.03 (6) and  $45.48(5)^{\circ}$  with the benzene rings. The structure is stabilized by intramolecular N-H···O, N-H···N and C- $H \cdots S$  hydrogen bonds and intermolecular  $N - H \cdots O$  and N - $H \cdots S$  hydrogen bonds.

### **Related literature**

For general background, see Shen et al. (1998); Mao et al. (1999); Antholine & Taketa (1982). For related literature, see: Allen et al. (1987).



## **Experimental**

### Crystal data

C16H16ClN3O2S  $M_r = 349.83$ Monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$ a = 5.935 (5) Å b = 16.970(5) Å c = 17.038 (5) Å  $\beta = 98.948 \ (5)^{\circ}$ 

 $V = 1695.1 (16) \text{ Å}^3$ Z = 4Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  $\mu = 0.36 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 293 (2) K  $0.36 \times 0.31 \times 0.21 \text{ mm}$ 

#### Data collection

Bruker APEXII diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)  $T_{\min} = 0.881, T_{\max} = 0.928$ 

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.040$	H atoms treated by a
$vR(F^2) = 0.111$	independent and c
S = 1.04	refinement
083 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.24 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
21 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.34 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

# Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots A$
$N1 - H1N \cdots S1^{i}$	0.862 (18)	2.435 (18)	3.269 (3)	163.1 (16)
$N2 - H2N \cdots O1^n$	0.865(19)	2.159(18) 2.000(17)	2.941(3)	150.1(16)
$N3 - H3N \cdots N1$	0.810 (18)	2.229 (17)	2.656 (3)	113.2 (13)
$C11 - H11 \cdots S1$	0.93	2.61	3.261 (3)	128

Symmetry codes: (i) x - 1, y, z; (ii) -x, -y, -z.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2005); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 1997); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 1997); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Bruker, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL, PARST (Nardelli, 1995) and PLATON (Spek, 2003).

The authors gratefully acknowledge funds from the Higher Education Commission, Islamabad, Pakistan.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: XU2274).

#### References

- Allen, F. H., Kennard, O., Watson, D. G., Brammer, L., Orpen, A. G. & Taylor, R. (1987). J. Chem. Soc. Perkin Trans. 2, pp. S1-19.
- Antholine, W. & Taketa, F. (1982). J. Inorg. Biochem. 16, 145-154.
- Bruker (1997). SAINT and SHELXTL. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
- Bruker (2005). APEX2. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
- Mao, C., Sudbeck, E. A., Venkatachalam, T. K. & Uckun, F. M. (1999). Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett. 9, 1593-1598.
- Nardelli, M. (1995). J. Appl. Cryst. 28, 659.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (1996). SADABS. University of Göttingen, Germany.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (1997). SHELXS97 and SHELXL97. University of Göttingen, Germanv.
- Shen, X., Shi, X., Kang, B., Liu, Y., Tong, Y., Jiang, H. & Chen, K. (1998). Polyhedron, 17, 4049-4058.

Spek, A. L. (2003). J. Appl. Cryst. 36, 7-13.

supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2007). E63, o3299 [doi:10.1107/S1600536807030048]

# 1-[2-(4-Chlorophenyl)acetyl]-4-(2-methoxyphenyl)thiosemicarbazide

# R. A. H. Khan, R. Iqbal, Habib-ur-Rehman, G. Qadeer and Z.-M. Su

### Comment

Thiosemicarbazide is interesting because of the formation of complexes with biological activities (Shen *et al.*, 1998). Some substituted thiourea derivatives have shown interesting biological effects, including anti-HIV properties (Mao *et al.*, 1999), and thiourea derivatives have also been successfully screened for various biological actions (Antholine & Taketa, 1982). As a ligand with potential S– and N-atom donors, thiosemicarbazide is interesting because of the structural chemistry of its multifunctional coordination modes (monodentate, S-monodentate or N:*S*-bidentate). In order to investigate further this kind of ligand, we synthesized the title compound, and describe its structure here.

In the molecule of the titel compound (Fig. 1), the bond lengths and angles are in normal ranges (Allen *et al.*, 1987). The thiosemicarbazide is approximately planar, maximum displacement being 0.132 (2) Å for atom N2, and forms dihedral angles of 33.03 (6)° and 45.48 (5)° with the benzene rings. The dihedral angles between the benzene rings is 55.29 (3)°. The structure is stabilized by intra-molecular N—H…O, N—H…N and C—H…S hydrogen bonding and by inter-molecular N—H…O and N—H…S hydrogen bonding (Table 1).

#### Experimental

2-(4-Chlorophenyl)acetohydrazide (3.68 g, 20 mmol) was dissolved in absolute ethanol (200 ml). 2-Methoxyphenyl isothiocyanate (3.3 g, 20 mmol) was dissolved in ethanol (100 ml). The two solution were mixed with continuous stirring. The mixture was then refluxed and the completion of reaction was monitored by TLC. After the completion of the reaction (Fig. 2), the mixture was cooled to room temperature to get the crude solid. The crude crystalline solid was then filtered. Single crystals suitable for X-ray measurements were obtained by recrystallization from an aqueous-ethanol solution at room temperature (yield: 86%).

#### Refinement

Imino H atoms were located in a difference Fourier map and refined isotropically. Methyl H atoms were placed in calculated positions with C—H = 0.96 Å and torsion angle was refined to fit the electron density,  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.5U_{eq}(C)$ . Other H atoms were placed in calculated positions with C—H = 0.93 (aromatic) or 0.97 Å (methylene), and refined in riding mode with  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C)$ .

Figures



Fig. 1. The molecular structure of (I) with 50% probability displacement ellipsoids (arbitrary spheres for H atoms).

Fig. 2. The reaction scheme.

# 1-[2-(4-Chlorophenyl)acetyl]-4-(2-methoxyphenyl)thiosemicarbazide

Crystal data	
$\mathrm{C_{16}H_{16}ClN_{3}O_{2}S}$	$F_{000} = 728$
$M_r = 349.83$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.371 \ {\rm Mg \ m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$	Melting point: 432(1) K
Hall symbol: -P 2yn	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\lambda = 0.71069$ Å
a = 5.935 (5)  Å	Cell parameters from 1520 reflections
<i>b</i> = 16.970 (5) Å	$\theta = 2.7 - 24.9^{\circ}$
c = 17.038 (5) Å	$\mu = 0.36 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\beta = 98.948 \ (5)^{\circ}$	T = 293 (2)  K
$V = 1695.1 (16) \text{ Å}^3$	Block, colourless
Z = 4	$0.36 \times 0.31 \times 0.21 \text{ mm}$

# Data collection

Bruker APEXII diffractometer	4083 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	3190 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Monochromator: graphite	$R_{\rm int} = 0.020$
T = 293(2)  K	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 28.3^{\circ}$
$\phi$ and $\omega$ scans	$\theta_{\min} = 1.7^{\circ}$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)	$h = -7 \rightarrow 7$
$T_{\min} = 0.881, T_{\max} = 0.928$	$k = -9 \rightarrow 22$
10318 measured reflections	<i>l</i> = −22→22

# Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.040$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

$wR(F^2) = 0.111$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_0^2) + (0.0521P)^2 + 0.2584P]$ where $P = (F_0^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
<i>S</i> = 1.04	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
4083 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.24 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
221 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.34 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Extinction correction: none

#### Special details

**Geometry**. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement**. Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit S are based on  $F^2$ , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on F, with F set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > 2 \operatorname{sigma}(F^2)$  is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R– factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotro	pic or equivalent isotrop	pic displacement	parameters (.	$(A^2)$
	1 1 1			

	x	у	Z	$U_{\rm iso}*/U_{\rm eq}$
S1	0.46464 (7)	0.03318 (2)	0.20016 (3)	0.06242 (15)
C11	-0.51266 (12)	0.46846 (3)	-0.10995 (4)	0.1040 (2)
01	-0.0087 (2)	0.09248 (7)	-0.02343 (7)	0.0602 (3)
O2	0.04254 (19)	0.30128 (6)	0.13643 (7)	0.0631 (3)
N3	0.2018 (2)	0.16318 (7)	0.16729 (8)	0.0513 (3)
C10	0.3444 (2)	0.22540 (9)	0.19978 (8)	0.0466 (3)
N2	0.0441 (2)	0.04438 (8)	0.13054 (9)	0.0533 (3)
N1	-0.1492 (2)	0.08226 (8)	0.09156 (8)	0.0520 (3)
C11	0.5588 (3)	0.21836 (11)	0.24479 (9)	0.0576 (4)
H11	0.6248	0.1689	0.2546	0.069*
C15	0.2504 (2)	0.30081 (9)	0.18458 (9)	0.0494 (3)
C8	-0.1695 (3)	0.09808 (8)	0.01264 (10)	0.0497 (3)
С9	0.2302 (2)	0.08540 (8)	0.16440 (9)	0.0466 (3)
C7	-0.4040 (3)	0.12490 (10)	-0.02463 (11)	0.0596 (4)
H7A	-0.5118	0.1114	0.0106	0.072*
H7B	-0.4481	0.0965	-0.0740	0.072*
C3	-0.5936 (3)	0.25642 (11)	-0.01775 (10)	0.0590 (4)
H3	-0.6926	0.2327	0.0124	0.071*
C4	-0.4195 (2)	0.21246 (9)	-0.04146 (9)	0.0481 (3)
C6	-0.2969 (3)	0.32856 (10)	-0.10469 (10)	0.0608 (4)
H6	-0.1955	0.3531	-0.1333	0.073*
C2	-0.6225 (3)	0.33490 (11)	-0.03821 (11)	0.0670 (5)
H2	-0.7416	0.3636	-0.0227	0.080*
C16	-0.0646 (3)	0.37530 (11)	0.11639 (12)	0.0712 (5)
H16A	-0.0862	0.4024	0.1641	0.107*

# supplementary materials

H16B	-0.2099	0.3668	0.0839	0.107*
H16C	0.0301	0.4065	0.0876	0.107*
C12	0.6742 (3)	0.28520 (13)	0.27499 (11)	0.0678 (5)
H12	0.8193	0.2804	0.3044	0.081*
C5	-0.2709 (3)	0.24995 (10)	-0.08487 (10)	0.0548 (4)
H5	-0.1519	0.2215	-0.1008	0.066*
C14	0.3653 (3)	0.36647 (10)	0.21688 (10)	0.0620 (4)
H14	0.3003	0.4162	0.2082	0.074*
C1	-0.4738 (3)	0.37023 (10)	-0.08173 (10)	0.0612 (4)
C13	0.5786 (3)	0.35796 (12)	0.26236 (11)	0.0702 (5)
H13	0.6569	0.4021	0.2844	0.084*
H2N	0.058 (3)	-0.0038 (11)	0.1154 (10)	0.060 (5)*
H1N	-0.267 (3)	0.0779 (10)	0.1151 (11)	0.065 (5)*
H3N	0.077 (3)	0.1785 (10)	0.1470 (10)	0.057 (5)*

Atomic displacement parameters  $(\text{\AA}^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
S1	0.0499 (2)	0.0534 (2)	0.0833 (3)	0.01080 (17)	0.0084 (2)	0.0213 (2)
Cl1	0.1198 (5)	0.0613 (3)	0.1301 (5)	0.0233 (3)	0.0165 (4)	0.0244 (3)
01	0.0582 (7)	0.0519 (6)	0.0728 (7)	0.0018 (5)	0.0174 (6)	0.0054 (5)
O2	0.0571 (7)	0.0471 (6)	0.0800 (8)	0.0093 (5)	-0.0057 (6)	-0.0036 (5)
N3	0.0436 (7)	0.0437 (7)	0.0629 (8)	0.0046 (5)	-0.0029 (6)	0.0008 (6)
C10	0.0468 (7)	0.0492 (8)	0.0436 (7)	-0.0013 (6)	0.0067 (6)	-0.0002 (6)
N2	0.0489 (7)	0.0399 (7)	0.0698 (8)	0.0037 (5)	0.0048 (6)	0.0019 (6)
N1	0.0412 (7)	0.0505 (7)	0.0642 (8)	0.0012 (5)	0.0078 (6)	-0.0001 (6)
C11	0.0525 (9)	0.0649 (10)	0.0526 (8)	0.0017 (7)	-0.0011 (7)	0.0027 (7)
C15	0.0492 (8)	0.0502 (8)	0.0494 (8)	0.0003 (6)	0.0094 (6)	-0.0015 (6)
C8	0.0482 (8)	0.0338 (7)	0.0658 (9)	-0.0054 (6)	0.0051 (7)	-0.0012 (6)
C9	0.0454 (7)	0.0457 (8)	0.0501 (8)	0.0033 (6)	0.0115 (6)	0.0084 (6)
C7	0.0483 (8)	0.0532 (9)	0.0735 (10)	-0.0073 (7)	-0.0024 (7)	0.0029 (8)
C3	0.0510 (9)	0.0697 (11)	0.0583 (9)	0.0021 (7)	0.0147 (7)	0.0045 (8)
C4	0.0410 (7)	0.0540 (8)	0.0467 (7)	-0.0004 (6)	-0.0017 (6)	0.0005 (6)
C6	0.0588 (9)	0.0623 (10)	0.0625 (10)	0.0014 (8)	0.0137 (8)	0.0098 (8)
C2	0.0593 (10)	0.0709 (11)	0.0726 (11)	0.0182 (9)	0.0159 (8)	-0.0026 (9)
C16	0.0758 (12)	0.0563 (10)	0.0791 (12)	0.0208 (9)	0.0047 (9)	0.0049 (9)
C12	0.0558 (9)	0.0864 (14)	0.0574 (9)	-0.0123 (9)	-0.0032 (7)	-0.0049 (9)
C5	0.0469 (8)	0.0582 (9)	0.0607 (9)	0.0055 (7)	0.0130 (7)	0.0011 (7)
C14	0.0698 (10)	0.0495 (9)	0.0685 (10)	-0.0057 (8)	0.0164 (8)	-0.0070(7)
C1	0.0648 (10)	0.0535 (9)	0.0629 (10)	0.0099 (8)	0.0025 (8)	0.0056 (7)
C13	0.0704 (11)	0.0718 (12)	0.0676 (11)	-0.0228 (9)	0.0082 (9)	-0.0141 (9)
Geometric parar	neters (Å, °)					

S1—C9	1.6818 (17)	C7—H7A	0.9700
Cl1—C1	1.7402 (18)	С7—Н7В	0.9700
O1—C8	1.216 (2)	C3—C2	1.381 (3)
O2—C15	1.371 (2)	C3—C4	1.385 (2)
O2—C16	1.425 (2)	С3—Н3	0.9300

N3—C9	1.3325 (19)	C4—C5	1.390 (2)
N3—C10	1.4112 (19)	C6—C1	1.372 (2)
N3—H3N	0.813 (18)	C6—C5	1.379 (2)
C10—C11	1.385 (2)	С6—Н6	0.9300
C10—C15	1.404 (2)	C2—C1	1.376 (3)
N2—C9	1.356 (2)	С2—Н2	0.9300
N2—N1	1.3904 (19)	C16—H16A	0.9600
N2—H2N	0.865 (19)	С16—Н16В	0.9600
N1—C8	1.358 (2)	С16—Н16С	0.9600
N1—H1N	0 864 (18)	C12—C13	1 362 (3)
C11-C12	1 382 (3)	C12—H12	0.9300
C11_H11	0.9300	C5H5	0.9300
C15-C14	1 376 (2)	C14_C13	1 385 (3)
C8_C7	1.570(2)	C14—H14	0.9300
C7_C4	1.507(2)	C13H13	0.9300
	1.514 (2)		0.9300
C15-02-C16	118.35 (13)	С2—С3—Н3	119.5
C9—N3—C10	133.17 (14)	С4—С3—Н3	119.5
C9—N3—H3N	114.5 (12)	C3—C4—C5	118.21 (15)
C10—N3—H3N	112.4 (12)	C3—C4—C7	119.99 (14)
C11—C10—C15	119.03 (15)	C5—C4—C7	121.68 (14)
C11—C10—N3	126.56 (15)	C1—C6—C5	119.34 (16)
C15—C10—N3	114.39 (13)	С1—С6—Н6	120.3
C9—N2—N1	121.53 (13)	С5—С6—Н6	120.3
C9—N2—H2N	120.1 (12)	C1—C2—C3	119.44 (16)
N1—N2—H2N	113.9 (12)	С1—С2—Н2	120.3
C8—N1—N2	120.24 (13)	С3—С2—Н2	120.3
C8—N1—H1N	121.5 (12)	O2-C16-H16A	109.5
N2—N1—H1N	114.1 (12)	O2-C16-H16B	109.5
C12-C11-C10	119.65 (17)	H16A—C16—H16B	109.5
C12—C11—H11	120.2	O2—C16—H16C	109.5
C10-C11-H11	120.2	H16A—C16—H16C	109.5
O2-C15-C14	125.36 (15)	H16B—C16—H16C	109.5
O2—C15—C10	114.23 (13)	C13—C12—C11	121.00 (17)
C14—C15—C10	120.41 (15)	C13—C12—H12	119.5
O1—C8—N1	121.95 (15)	C11—C12—H12	119.5
O1—C8—C7	123.79 (15)	C6—C5—C4	121.14 (15)
N1—C8—C7	114.24 (14)	С6—С5—Н5	119.4
$N_3 - C_9 - N_2$	115 13 (13)	С4—С5—Н5	119.4
N3-C9-S1	127 65 (12)	C15-C14-C13	119 51 (17)
N2-C9-S1	117 18 (12)	C15 - C14 - H14	120.2
$C_{8}$ $C_{7}$ $C_{4}$	113 66 (12)	C13— $C14$ — $H14$	120.2
$C_8 - C_7 - H_7 \Delta$	108.8	C6-C1-C2	120.2 120.84 (17)
$C_{4}$ $C_{7}$ $H_{7}$ $H_{7}$	108.8	C6 - C1 - C11	120.04(17) 110 20(14)
C8_C7_H7B	108.8	$C_2 = C_1 = C_{11}$	119.25(14)
$C_{0} = C_{1} = H_{1}^{T}B$	100.0	$C_2 = C_1 = C_{11}$	117.03(14) 120.22(17)
	100.0	$C_{12} - C_{13} - C_{14}$	120.32 (17)
$\frac{11}{A} - \frac{11}{D}$	107.7	$C_{12} - C_{13} - H_{13}$	117.0
02-03-04	121.00 (10)		117.0
C9—N3—C10—C11	-5.4 (3)	N1-C8-C7-C4	104.59 (16)

# supplementary materials

C9—N3—C10—C15	175.82 (15)	C2—C3—C4—C5	1.5 (2)
C9—N2—N1—C8	89.78 (18)	C2—C3—C4—C7	-174.54 (16)
C15-C10-C11-C12	1.1 (2)	C8—C7—C4—C3	-131.06 (16)
N3-C10-C11-C12	-177.59 (15)	C8—C7—C4—C5	53.0 (2)
C16-O2-C15-C14	1.1 (2)	C4—C3—C2—C1	-1.1 (3)
C16-O2-C15-C10	-178.85 (14)	C10-C11-C12-C13	1.2 (3)
C11—C10—C15—O2	177.07 (13)	C1—C6—C5—C4	-0.6 (3)
N3—C10—C15—O2	-4.04 (19)	C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.7 (2)
C11-C10-C15-C14	-2.8 (2)	C7—C4—C5—C6	175.30 (15)
N3-C10-C15-C14	176.04 (14)	O2-C15-C14-C13	-177.68 (15)
N2—N1—C8—O1	-12.7 (2)	C10-C15-C14-C13	2.2 (2)
N2—N1—C8—C7	168.94 (13)	C5—C6—C1—C2	1.1 (3)
C10—N3—C9—N2	176.74 (15)	C5—C6—C1—Cl1	-177.63 (14)
C10—N3—C9—S1	-1.1 (3)	C3—C2—C1—C6	-0.3 (3)
N1—N2—C9—N3	9.1 (2)	C3—C2—C1—Cl1	178.43 (14)
N1—N2—C9—S1	-172.85 (11)	C11-C12-C13-C14	-1.8 (3)
O1—C8—C7—C4	-73.8 (2)	C15-C14-C13-C12	0.1 (3)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	D—H··· $A$
N1—H1N····S1 <sup>i</sup>	0.862 (18)	2.435 (18)	3.269 (3)	163.1 (16)
N2—H2N····O1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.865 (19)	2.159 (18)	2.941 (3)	150.1 (16)
N3—H3N…O2	0.810 (18)	2.099 (17)	2.551 (3)	115.2 (15)
N3—H3N····N1	0.810 (18)	2.229 (17)	2.656 (3)	113.3 (14)
C11—H11…S1	0.93	2.61	3.261 (3)	128
Summatry adday (i) + 1 + = (ii) + + =				

Symmetry codes: (i) x-1, y, z; (ii) -x, -y, -z.



Fig. 2

